

**INTEGRATED MA COMPARATIVE LITERATURE**

**UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT**

**ENTRANCE EXAMINATION – 2024**

**Model Question Paper**

**Duation : 2 Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 100**

1. Who did translate *Gitanjali* into English  
A) Tagore, B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, C) W. B Yeats D) A.K. Ramanujan
2. King Dushyanta is a character from\_\_\_\_  
A) Abhinjana Sakuntalam B) Karanabharam C) Nagamandala D) Mahabharata
3. The Poem *Mampazham* is written by  
A), Changampuzha Krishnapillai B), Kumaran Asan C) Vyloppilli Sreedhara Menon  
D) Balamani Amma
4. Which is the story written by Thakazhi, based on his experience during the great flood of 1924 in Kerala  
A) Visappu B) Vellapokkathil C) Vasनाविक्रिती D) Oru Manushyan
5. Which famous Malayalam writer is known as “BEYPORE SULTAN”?  
O.V Vijayan B) Vaikom Muhammad Basheer, C), O.N.V. Kuruppu D) S. Hareesh
6. The Jataka tales, a collection of Buddhist fables, originated in which Indian language?  
A) Hindi, B) Urdu, C) Pali, D) Bengali
7. To whom does the autobiography titled "Wings of Fire" belong?  
A) Mahatma Gandhi, B) Rabindranath Tagore, C) Jawaharlal Nehru, D) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
8. Who was an Indian author who is believed to have written the Panchatantra Tales?  
A) Kalidasa, B) Tulsidas, C) Vishnu Sharman. D) Vyasa
9. O Wind,  
  
If Winter comes, can Spring be far behind?: Identify the poet?  
A) Keats, B) Shelley, C) Shakespeare D) Wordsworth

10. Find the birthplace of Vaikom Muhammad Basheer?

- B) Beypore, B) Calicut, C) Thalayolapparambu, D) Kannur
- C)

11. Identify the Bhakti poet from the following list.

- A), Mira Bai B), O.N.V Kuruppu C), Arundhati Roy D) Nissim Ezekiel

12. William Shakespeare is an \_\_\_\_\_ poet and dramatist.

- A) American, B) Italian, C) English D) India

13. The characters like Othello, Macbeth and Hamlet were created by

- A) Bernard Shaw, B) Kalidasa, C) Shakespeare D) Christopher Marlowe

14. The novel *Crime and Punishment* is originally written in\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) English, B) Russian, C) Spanish D) Italian

15. First Indian woman to win Man Booker Prize.

- A) Kamala Das, B) Kiran Desai, C) Arundhati Roy D) V.S. Naipul

16. Which state celebrate 'Bihu'?

- A) Kerala, B) Karnataka, C) Odisha D) Assam

17. Ajanta Ellora Caves is situated in

- A) Maharashtra, B) Tamil Nadu, C) Delhi D) Gujarat

18. Edakkal Caves is situated in\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Wayanad, B) Malappuram, C) Kottayam D) Kannur

19. Who is the founder of Ottan Thullal?

- A) Usha Nangiar , B) Kunjikuttan Thampuran, C) Kunjan Nambiar D) Unnayi Variyar

20. In Kathakali the faces of evil characters are painted \_\_\_\_
- A) White, B) Black, C) Red D) Green
21. Tholpavakoothu is performed in \_\_\_\_
- A) Trivandrum, B) Idukky, C) Kasaragode D) Palakkad
22. Which type of ritual dance is used in the plot of the movie *Kanthara*?
- A) Bhuta Kolam, B) Ottan Thullal, C) Kathakali, D) Mohiniyattam
23. Which among the following is the initial form of kathakali?
- A)Theyyam, B), Krishnanaattam, C) Ottan Thullal, D) All of the Above
24. Who is the director of the movie *Chemmeen*?
- A) Madhu, B) Thakazhi,- C) Babu Sait, D) Ramu Kariat
25. Satyajit Ray Film Institute is located in \_\_\_\_.
- A) Mumbai, B)Kolkata, C) Kochi, D) Hyderabad
26. Who is the writer of the movie *Parinayam*?
- A) Hariharan, B) Blessi, C) M.T. Vasudevan Nair, D) Lohithadas
27. The first 3D film in India is \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Padayottam B) My Dear Kuttichathan, C) Mother India, D) Pather Panchali
28. Dadasaheb Phalke is known as the \_\_\_\_\_?
- A) Father of Indian cinema B) Father of Modern Science C) Father of Modern Hindi Poetry, D) Father of Modern Economics
29. Which film was chosen as the best film in Oscars 2023?
- A) Avatar 2, B) The Fablemans, C) Everything Everywhere All at Once, D) RRR
30. \_\_\_\_ is selected as the best film in National Film Award 2023.
- A) RRR, B) Pushpa, C) Rocketry, D) Nayattu
31. Identify the Figure of Speech: I'm so hungry, I could eat a horse.

- A) Hyperbole, B) Simile, C) Personification, D) Metaphor
32. Barnard Shaw is a famous \_\_\_\_.
- A) Dramatist, B) Poet, C) Novelist, D) Traveller
33. Identify the figure of speech: The church bell sang loud and clear.
- A) Metaphor, B) Simile, C) Hyperbole, D) Personification.
34. Name the book Jawaharlal Nehru wrote while he was imprisoned from 1942 to 1945.
- A) Glimpses of World History, B) The Discovery of India, C) Swaraj, D) The Unity of India
35. The novel *Khasakkinte Itihasam* is written by \_\_\_\_\_?
- A) O.V. Vijayan B) M.Mukundan C) M.T. Vasudevan Nair D) Kamala Das
36. The movie *Neelakkuyil* is based on a short story written by \_\_\_\_
- A) Ramu Kariat, B) M.T. Vasudevan Nair, C) Uroob, D) P. Valsala
37. The poem "Any Woman" is written by
- A), Ashapura Debi B), Sudha Murty C) Katharine Tynan, D) Sylvia Plath
38. Which among the following writer uses his hunting experiences in the Indian Himalayas?
- A) Ruskin Bond, B) V.S. Naipaul, C) Rudyard Kipling, D) Jim Coebett
39. Stopping by the Woods on a Snowy Evening by Robert Frost is a \_\_\_\_
- A) Novel, B) Poem. C) Drama, D) Speech
40. "Be the change you want to see in the world" is a quotation by \_\_\_\_
- A) Mahatma Gandhi, B) Nehru, C) Ambedkar, D) Tagore
41. The author of the book *Swamy and Friends* is \_\_\_\_
- A) Arundhati Roy, B) Salman Rushdie, C) R.K. Narayanan, D) Amitav Ghosh
42. The short story Match Box is written by \_\_\_\_\_?
- A) Anita Nair B) Sara Joseph C) Ashapurna Devi D) Shashi Deshpande
43. A regional variety of a language is called \_\_\_\_
- A) Linguist B) Creole C) Phoneme D) Dialect
44. The Green Belt Movement is originated in \_\_\_\_
- India B) Kenya C) Brazil D) Bangladesh
45. Who is the first African woman to receive the Nobel Prize for her contribution to sustainable development, democracy and peace.
- A) Desmond Tutu, B) Chinua Achebe B) Wole Soyinka D) Wangari Maathai

**Find the Synonym of the following words:**

46. Plunder

A) Cheat B) Defend C) Steal D) Shield

47. Culminate

A) End B) Start C) Spoil D) Cook

48. Hypocrisy

A) Genuine B) Falseness C) Troublesome D) Honourable

**Find the antonym of the following words:**

49. Gratitude:

A) Gratefulness, b. Thanklessness, c. Miserable, d. Unpleasantness

50. Quarantine:

A) Seclusion B) Separation C) Release D) Isolation

51. Optimist

A) Idealist B) Dreamer C) Hopeful D) Pessimist

**Guess the correct meanings of the following phrasal verbs from the context and choose the right answer.**

52. She *broke off* their engagement when she found out that he is unfaithful

A) Cancelled, B) Rejected, C) Proceeded, D) Accepted

53. *They've called off the meeting.*

A) to cancel, B) to begin, C) to end, D) to participate

54. Please, \_\_\_ your shoes.

A) Put off B) Take on C) Take out D) Take off

**Complete the following exercises using correct Question tag.**

55. Let's go for swimming, \_\_\_?

A) can we, B) shall we, C) shouldn't we, D) Shall I

56. Everyone stood up, \_\_\_?

A) Didn't they B) did he C) did they D) did she

57. He is coming here today, \_\_\_?

A) Has he B) is he C) isn't he D) hasn't he

**Use the correct article:**

58. They wanted to hear \_\_\_ end of the story.

A) a B) b C) the D) none of the above

59. Fish sells at fifty rupees \_\_\_ kilo

A) A, B) an, C) the, D) None of these

60. It is \_\_\_ unjust charge.

A) A, B) an, C) the, D) None of these

**Find One-word substitution:**

61. Person who does not believe in the existence of God:

A) Theist B) Heretic C) Atheist D) Fanatic

62. One who cannot die

A) Stable B) Immortal C) Perpetual D) Altruist

63. Murder of a brother

A) Patricide B) Regicide C) Homicide d) Patricide

Find the correct collective noun

64. A \_\_\_ of ants

A) group, B) pack, C) panel, D) colony

65. Find the Masculine gender of Dutchess

A) Prince, b. Duke c. Knight, d.King

66. **Niece** is a noun of \_\_\_

A) Feminine gender B) Masculine gender C) Neuter gender D) None of the above

67. What is the active voice form of: **All weapons were surrendered by them.**

A) They had surrendered all weapons

B) They surrendered all weapons

C) They are surrendering all weapons

D) They have surrendered all weapons

68. What is the passive voice form of: **Someone gave her a cat.**

A) She was given a cat.

B) A cat was given to her by someone.

C) She has been given a cat.

D) None of these.

69. My brother is good \_\_\_\_\_ playing board games

A) in, B) for, C) at, D) with

70. She is a \_\_\_ girl.

A) nice, B) nicer, C) nicest, D) Most nice

71. The baby jumped \_\_\_ joy.

A) on, B) in, C) under, D) with

72. Please stop \_\_\_ so many mistakes.

- A) To make B) make C) making D) makes
73. \_\_\_ a wonderful picture it is !  
A) How B) What C) So D) Very
74. \_\_\_ you read, you cannot pass.  
A) If B) Till C) Unless D) When
75. She \_\_\_ English.  
A) speak B) speaking C) spoken D) speaks
76. Who is the founder of Home Rule Movement?  
A) Jawaharlal Nehru B) Dadabai Navaraji C) Annie Bassant D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
77. Who wrote the poem *Chandalabhikshuki*?  
A) Vallathol Narayana Menon  
B) Ulloor S. Parameswara Iyer  
C) Changambuzha P. Krishna Pillai  
D) Kumaranasan
78. The Malabar Rebellion is also known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A) Mappila Lahala B) Wagon Tragedy C) Farmer's protest D) Malayala Memorial
79. When did the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre happen?  
A) 13 April 1919 B) 14 August 1947 C) 26 January 1956 D) 1 November 1956
80. E. M. S. Nambuthirippadu was elected as the first Chief Minister of Kerala in the year \_\_\_\_  
A) 1956 B) 1947 C) 1961 D) 1957
81. The state Kerala officially came into being in the year \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 1956 B) 1957 C) 1947 D) 1950
82. Identify the statement of Sree Narayana Guru from the following:

- A) 'One caste, one religion, one god for man'
- B) 'You give me Blood; I will give you freedom'
- C) 'No caste, no religion, no God for human beings'
- D) 'No not a single letter is seen about my community'

83. Who among the following was a member of the Committee to draft the constitution of India?

- A) Dakshayani Velayudhan B) K.R. Gouri C) Accamma Cheiyen D) Rosamma Punnoose

84. A.K. Gopalan was popularly known as \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Athirithi Gandhi B) Pavangalude Padathalavan C) Kerala Gandhi D) Kerala Vyasam

85. In which river, the famous Malayalam poet Kumaranasan perished in the year 1924?

- A) Nila B) Periyar C) Vembanattu Lake D) Pallana

86. Freedom Fighter Shaheed Bhagat Singh was hanged in the year \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 1930 B) 1931 C) 1936 D) 1932

87. Who led the 'Mahad Satyagraha, which took place in 1927 in the town of Mahad in Maharashtra, India to allow Dalits to use water in the public tank

- A) Jawaharlal Nehru B) Bhagat Singh C) Mahathma Gandhi D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

88. Which organisation encouraged 'Misrabhojanam' to annihilate the evils of caste system?

- A) Sree Narayana Dharma Paripalana Sangham
- B) Sahodara Sangham
- C) Prathyaksha Raksha Daiva Sabha

D) Pulayamaha Sabha

89. Who said “Swaraj is my birthright, and I shall have it”

A) Mahatma Gandhi

B) Subhash Chandra Bose

C) Bal Gangadhara Tilak

D) Bhagat Singh

90. Who gave Rabindranath Tagore the title of ‘Gurudev’

A) Sardar Vallabhai Patel

B) Gopala Krishna Gokhale

C) Mahatma Gandhi

D) Jawaharlal Nehru

91. Which freedom writer wrote the poem *Indian Weavers*?

A) Rabindranath Tagore

B) Sarojini Naidu

C) Subrahmanya Bharati

D) Muhammad Iqbal

92. Who is the famous Tamil patriotic poet among the following

A) Subrahmanya Bharati

B) Thiruvalluvar

C) Kannadasan

D)Bahrati Dasan

93. The autobiography of Moulana Azad is titled as.....

A) My Times: An Autobiography

B) India Wins Freedom

C) The Story of My Experiments with Truth

D) The Indian Struggle

94. Who was the Chairman of the committee which is constituted to draft the Indian Constitution?'

A) Mahatma Gandhi

B) Dr.B.R. Ambedkar

C) Dr.Rajendra Prasad

D) Jawaharlal Nehru

95. In which country is the 'Qutub – Minar' situated?

A) United Kingdom

B) United States of America

C) USSR

D) India

***Read the following passage and answer the questions given below***

The Constitution of India establishes a crucial framework that delineates the structure of the political system, outlines the powers and duties of government institutions, and enshrines the fundamental rights and duties of its citizens. Adopted on 26 November 1949 by the Constituent Assembly of India, it officially took effect on 26 January 1950. Unlike systems based on parliamentary supremacy, India's constitution asserts constitutional supremacy. Crafted entirely by Indians, it replaces the Government of India Act 1935 and serves as the nation's foundational governing document. Declaring India a sovereign, socialist, secular, and democratic republic, it ensures equality, liberty, and justice for all citizens. The Constituent Assembly, formed in 1946 with 299 members drawn from provincial assemblies and presided over by Dr. Rajendra

Prasad, undertook the monumental task of drafting the constitution. Led by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, hailed as the 'Father of the Constitution of India,' the Drafting Committee spent three years and held eleven sessions over 165 days to complete the task. Reflecting India's vast diversity of cultures and religions, the constitution is the world's longest, comprising a preamble and 470 articles organized into 25 parts, along with 12 schedules and 5 appendices. Since its inception, it has been amended 106 times, with the latest amendment occurring on September 2023. The preamble, considered the heart of the constitution, articulates the nation's core values and principles. Initially not a part of the constitution, it was later added to embody justice, liberty, equality, and the unity and integrity of the nation. Asserting India's sovereignty as an independent authority free from external domination, it also affirms the nation's secular character, ensuring the right to religious practice for all citizens. Additionally, it espouses social and economic democracy, guaranteeing equality of status and opportunity for all. Emphasizing the importance of fostering harmony and a sense of brotherhood, it underscores the nation's democratic character, wherein citizens have the right to elect their government representatives.

96. When did the Constitution of India officially come into effect?  
a) 26 November 1949 b) 26 January 1950 c) 15 August 1947 d) 2 October 1948
97. Who is known as the 'Father of Indian Constitution'  
a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad b) Mahathma Gandhi c) Vallabhai Patel d) Dr.B.R. Ambedkar
98. What is considered as the 'heart' of constitution?  
a) Preface b) Articles c) Preamble d) Fundamental rights
99. Who presided over the Constituent Assembly which constituted to frame the Indian Constitution?  
a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad c) Dr.B.R. Ambedkar c) Sarojini Naidu d) Jawahar Lal Nehru
100. 'Constitution of India ensures the right to religious practice for all citizens. Is this statement true or false?  
a) False  
b) Partially true  
c) True  
d) None of the above